

Genus *Lasiommata* Westwood, 1841 Wall Browns

In: Humphreys & Westwood, 1841. *British butterflies and their transformations* 65 (138 pp.). London. [2:1:13]

Type-species: *Papilio megera* Linnaeus, by subsequent designation (Scudder, 1875. *Proceedings of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences* 10: 202 (91-293)). [extralimital].

Synonyms based on extralimital type-species: *Amecera* Butler; *Crebeta* Moore.

The genus *Lasiommata* belongs to the Family Nymphalidae Rafinesque, 1815; Subfamily Satyrinae Boisduval, 1833; Tribe Satyrinae Boisduval, 1833; Subtribe Parargina Tutt, 1896. There are no other genera in the Subtribe Parargina in the Afrotropical Region.

Lasiommata (**Wall Browns**) is an extralimital (Palearctic) genus of 15 species, two of which are Afrotropical. One of the Afrotropical species extends extraliminally.

**Lasiommata felix* (Warnecke, 1929) Arabian Wall Brown

Pararge felix Warnecke, 1929. *Internationale Entomologische Zeitschrift* 22: 365 (365-367).

Type locality: [Yemen]: “Sanaá in Südwestarabien [Yemen]”.

Distribution: Saudi Arabia (south-west), Yemen.

Specific localities:

Yemen – Sanaa (TL); Jaffah area, east of Taiz (Kluetsch *et al.*, 2005).

Saudi Arabia – Ta’if (Kluetsch *et al.*, 2005).

Habitat: The western escarpment of the Arabian Peninsula (Kluetsch *et al.*, 2005).

Early stages: Nothing published.

Larval food: Nothing published.

Relevant literature:

Kluetsch *et al.*, 2005 [Range extension in southern Arabia].

**Lasiommata maderakal* (Guérin-Méneville, 1849)

Satyrus maderakal Guérin-Méneville, 1849. *In*: Lefebvre, T., *Voyage en Abyssinie* (4) 6 (Zoologie): 381 (364-386).

Type locality: [Ethiopia]: “Abyssinie”.

Distribution: Ethiopia, Somalia (north).

Early stages: Nothing published.

Larval food: Nothing published.